

NATIONAL AWARD
EXCELLENCE IN ENERGY MANAGEMENT
2022

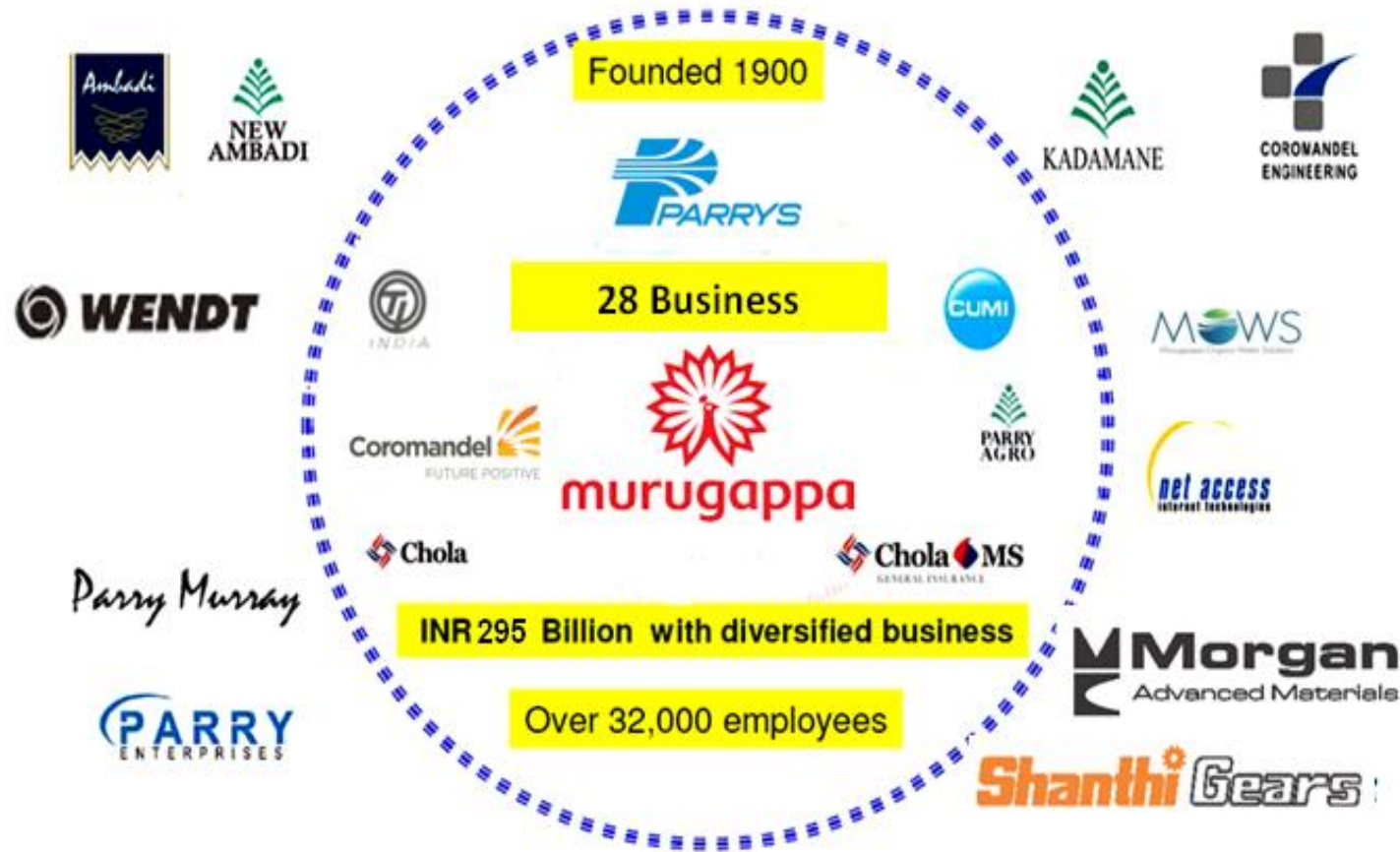


TEAM MEMBERS

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VISION: *“Enriching & Energizing lives by creating Value added products from AGRICULTURE (Sugar)”*

32,000 Employees | 28 Businesses | One Group



- EID Parry is the flagship company of the Murugappa Group
- 228 years old!!
- Pioneers in:
 - Sugar from 1842.
 - Distillery from 1848.
 - Sanitary ware from 1906.
 - Fertilizers from 1906.
 - Sugar Based confectionery from 1914.
 - Biogas and Bio earth 1987.
 - Bio-pesticides from 1995.
 - Co-generation Power for GRID from 1997.
 - Algal Nutraceuticals from 1997
 - Branded sugar from 2004.

ABOUT OUR FACTORY

- Our Nellikuppam unit was set-up the country's first sugar plant established in year – 1842 & Distillery operation started on year – 1848.
- A fully integrated complex with Sugar, Refinery, Co-Gen, Distillery, Fertilizer plant & CO2 Production.

First cane sugar factory in world to practise TPM

SUGAR
7500 TCD

CO-GEN
24.5 MWH

REFINERY
190 TPD

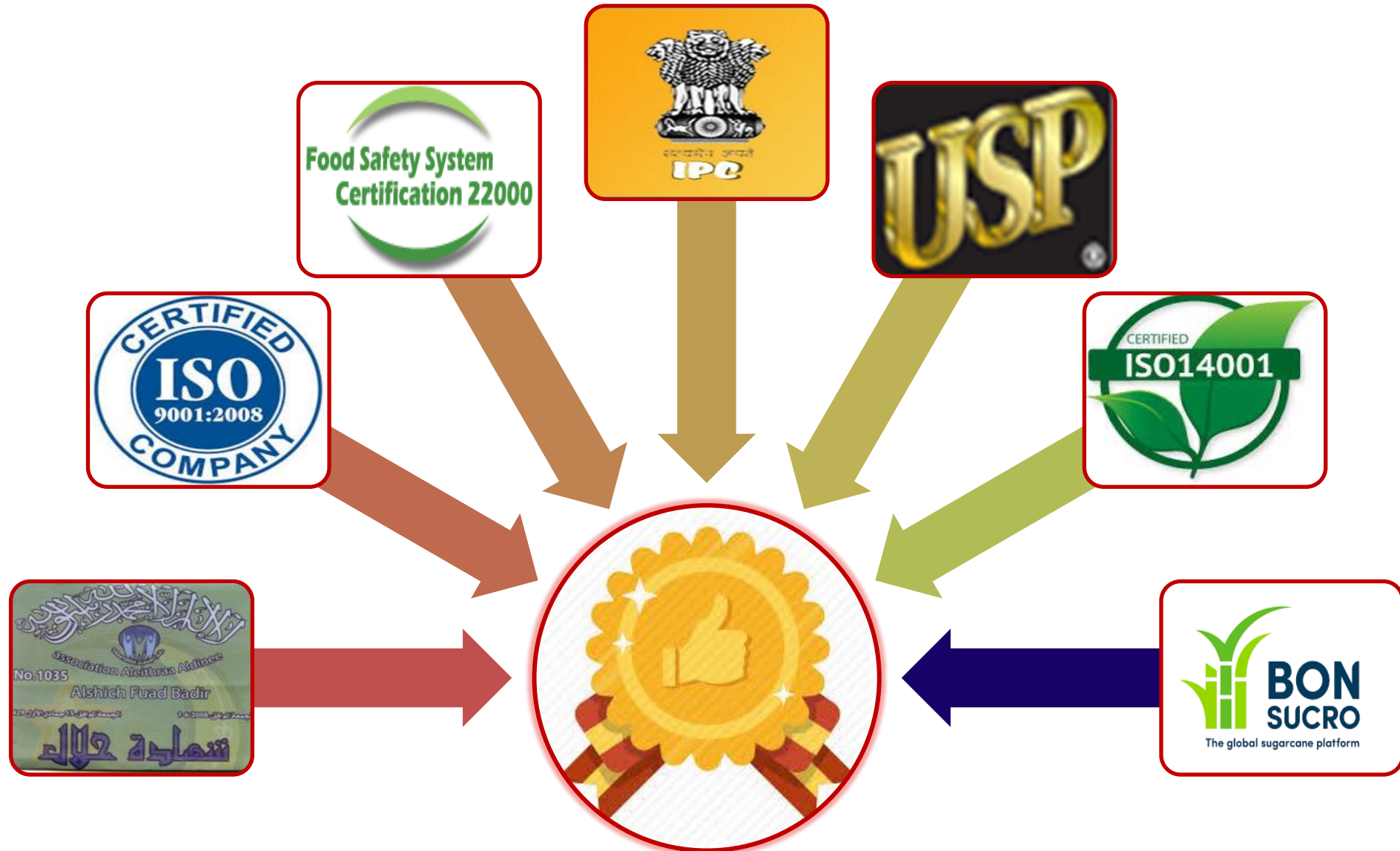
DISTILLERY
90 KLPD

FERTILIZER PLANT
45 TPD

CO2 PLANT
30 TPD



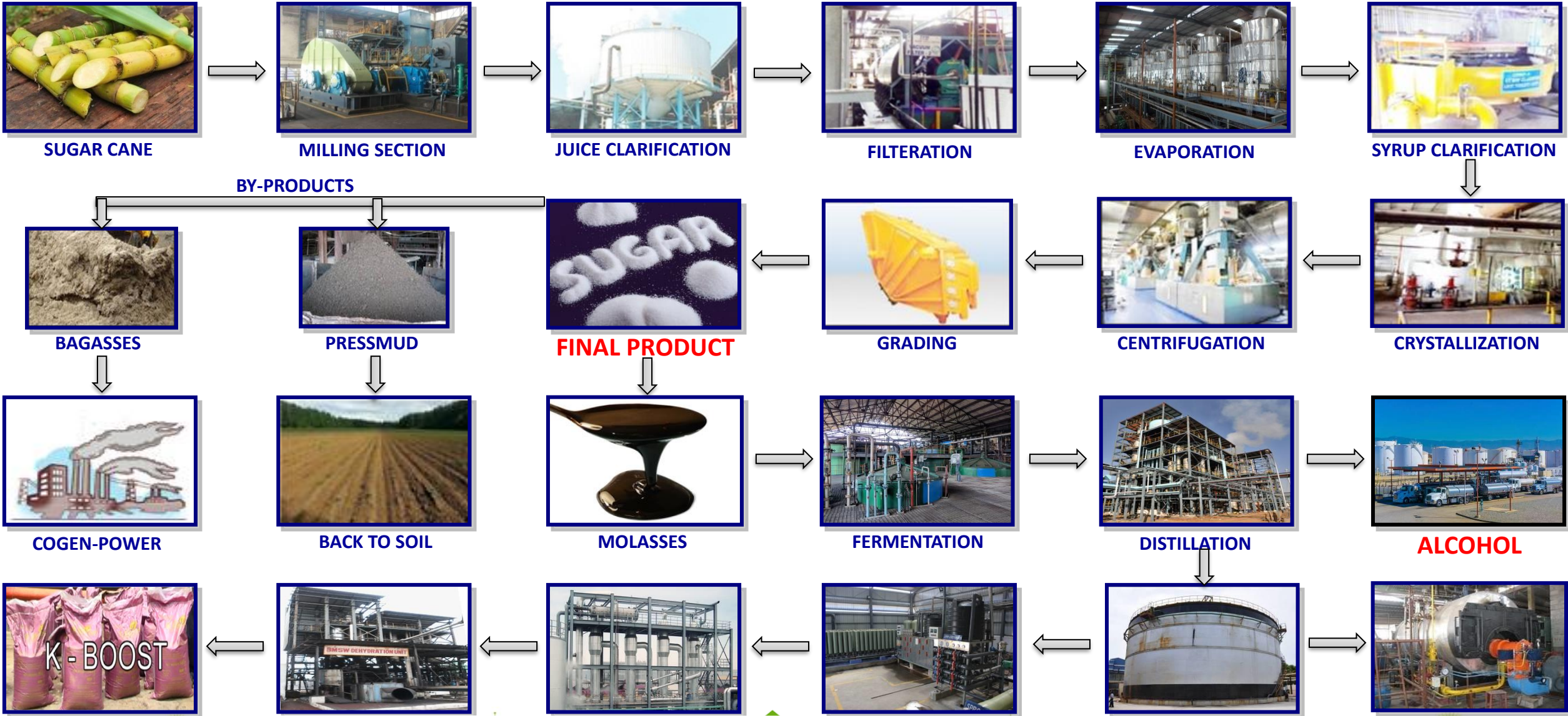
OUR CERTIFICATIONS ARE UNIQUE IN INDIA



We are the first Indian sugar company having Pharma Licenses & Quality

RECAP OF CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM

SUGAR & DISTILLERY



SUGAR CANE

MILLING SECTION

JUICE CLARIFICATION

FILTRATION

EVAPORATION

SYRUP CLARIFICATION

BY-PRODUCTS



BAGASSES



PRESSMUD



FINAL PRODUCT



GRADING



CENTRIFUGATION



CRYSTALLIZATION



COGEN-POWER



BACK TO SOIL



MOLASSES



FERMENTATION



DISTILLATION



ALCOHOL



POTASH RICH FERTILIZER



BMSW EVAPORATOR-II & ATFD



INTEGRATED EVAPORATOR



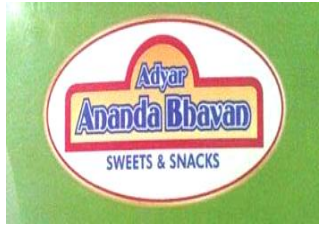
BMSW RO PLANT



BIO-DIGESTER



BIO-GAS BOILER



GRIEBER

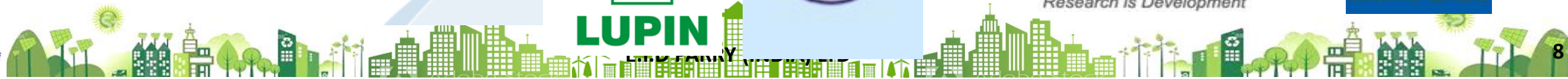
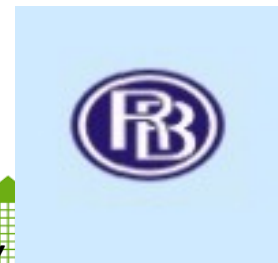


Hindustan Unilever Limited

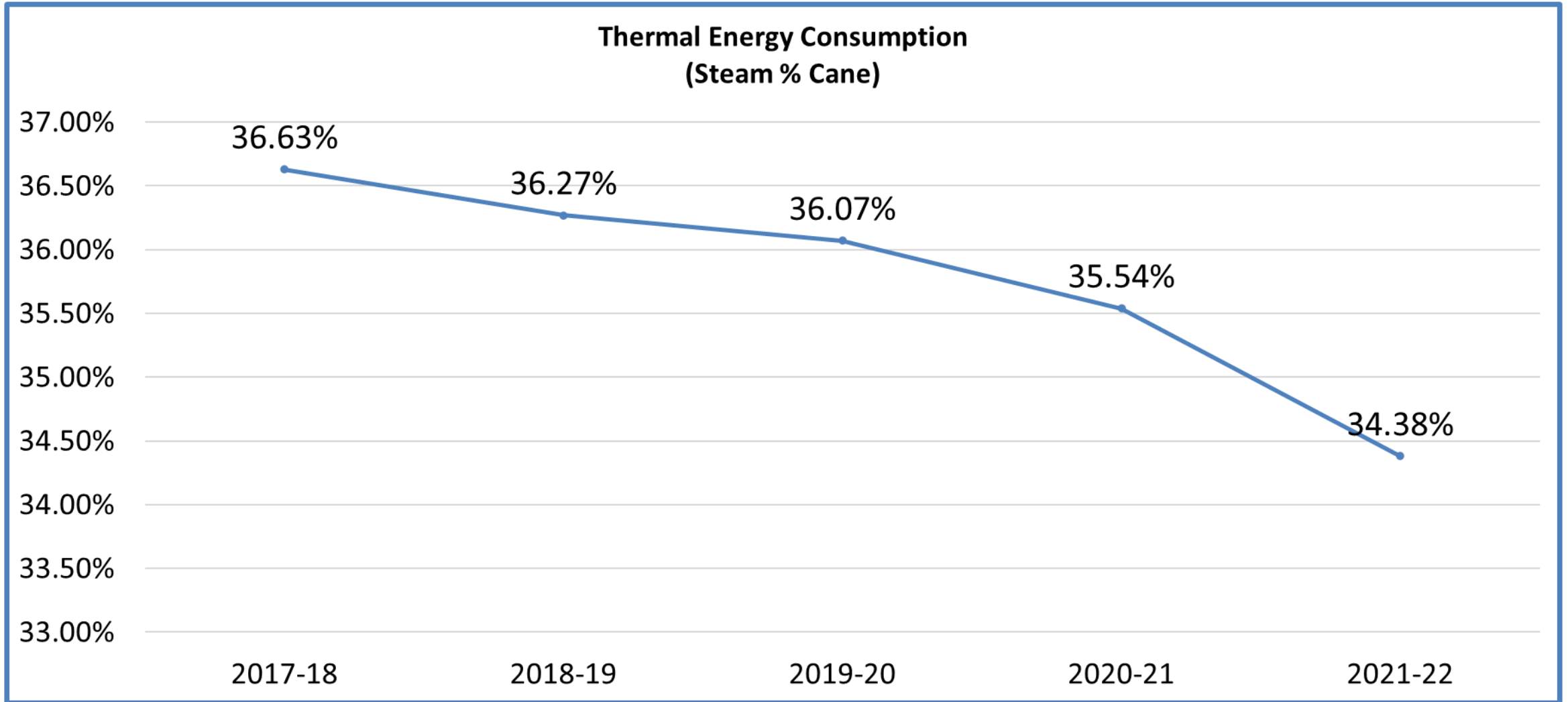


Confederation of Indian Industry

PHARMA CUSTOMERS

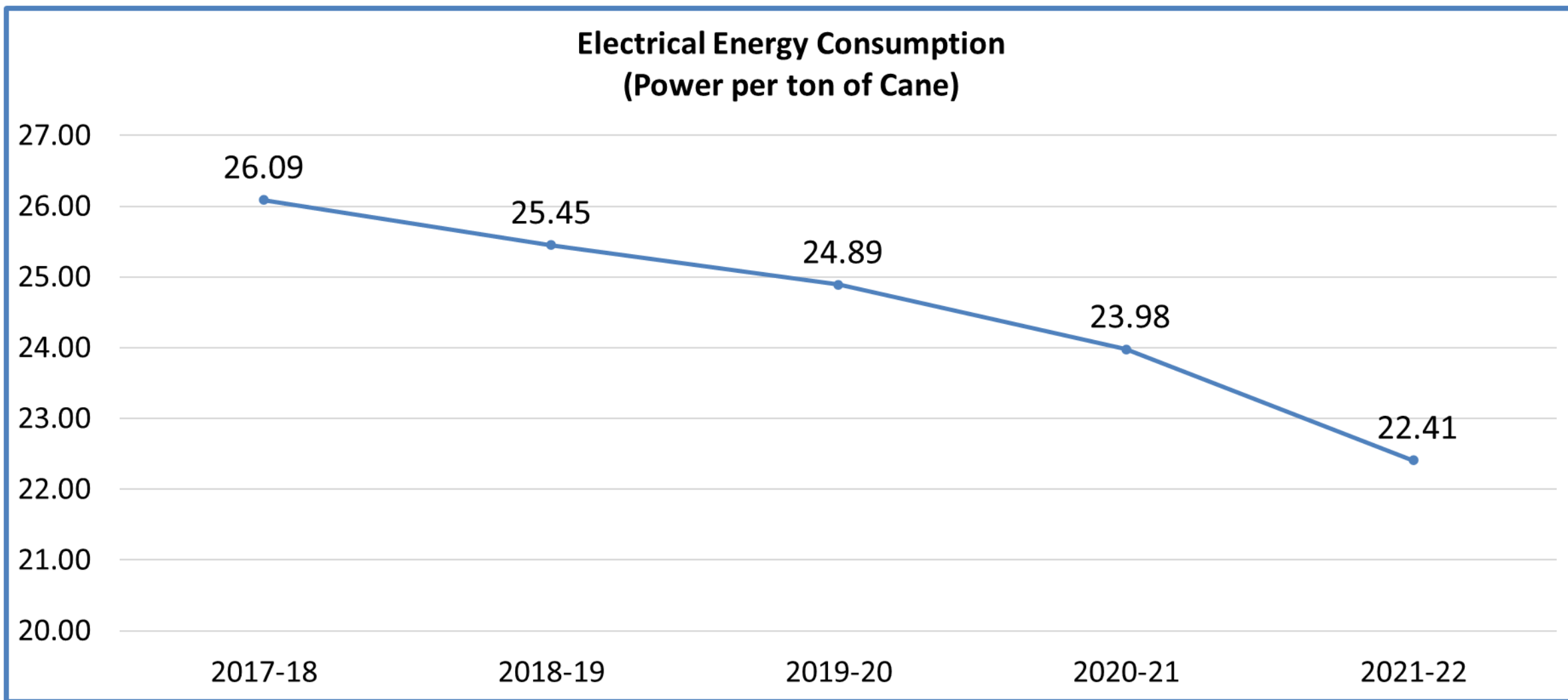


REDUCTION IN THERMAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (STEAM % CANE)



REDUCTION IN ELECTRICAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION (KWH / MT OF CANE)

Electrical Energy Consumption
(Power per ton of Cane)



COMPARISON WITH GLOBAL BENCHMARKS

Parameters	National Bench Mark	Global Bench Mark	EID – Nellikuppam Achievement
Specific Thermal Energy Consumption	38-40 %	38 % As per ISSCT proceedings 2005	34.38 %
Specific Electrical Energy consumption	28 kWh / ton of cane	27-28 kWh/ton of cane As per NFCSF	22.41 kWh / ton of cane



A Whopping reduction in Thermal Energy

A Whopping reduction in Electrical Energy/ MT of Cane

Steam % Cane prior to Implementation	36.27 %	↓ GOOD
Steam % Cane post to Implementation	34.38%	

Power/MT of cane prior to Implementation	25.45 KWH	↓ GOOD
Power/MT of Cane post to Implementation	22.41 KWH	

- A Saving of 1.89 % of Thermal energy

- A Saving of 3.04 Units/MT of cane

In terms of money

In terms of money

- A saving of Rs.230.34 Lakhs

- A saving of Rs. 107.50 Lakhs

No	Year	Title of Project	Annual energy Saving in Lakhs
1	2019-20	Installed just adequate capacity high efficiency Cooling water Pump at cogen	22.20
2	2019-20	Operated plant with flow control mode for the 2.5 ATA steam to sugar.	36.00
3	2019-20	Addition of 2.5 ATA pipe from Cogen. to Sugar - Reduced the Pressure Drop in the steam pipe line from Cogen to Sugar plant by 0. 3 kg / cm ² and in one stroke the evaporator capacity got upgraded to handle 310 TPH of juice flow from 280 TPH.	31.70
4	2019-20	VFD for Super Heater Wash Water System	11.30
5	2019-20	Planetary Gear Box for Crystallizers	44.00
6	2019-20	Installation Bio gas boiler	273.00
7	2019-20	B & C Melter lifting for gravity flow	5.29
8	2019-20	Replace the existing Mud pump and Motor	1.38
9	2019-20	Cane kicker drive replacement	1.16
10	2020-21	Planetary Gear Box for Crystallizers	4.50
11	2020-21	VFD's For of OFA Fan, Compressor	23.00

ENERGY CONSERVATION ACTIVITIES – FY 2021-22

No	Year	Title of Project	Annual energy Saving in Lakhs
1	2021-22	Power factor improvement at Refinery MCC	3.70
2	2021-22	Vapour demand for pan boiling reduced by raising the melt brix	3.00
3	2021-22	Sugar Recirculation reduced in batch centrifugal by introduction of air cutting in plough scrapper	95.37
4	2021-22	First vapour for transient heater instead of 8 Ata	14.00
5	2021-22	Syrup brix improvement	92.31
6	2021-22	B & C Melter lifting for gravity flow	9.50
7	2021-22	Fibrizer Anvil Plate wrap angle reduction-Power saving	55.50
8	2021-22	Isolate one primary juice pump	0.70
9	2021-22	Eliminate one motor in head on cutter	6.50
10	2021-22	VFD in Cooling tower Fan	2.29

Covered in case study - 3

Covered in case study - 2

Covered in case study - 1

- 1. Bagasse dryer for reducing the moisture % Bagasse**
- 2. Incineration boiler for distillery of capacity 45 TPH.**
- 3. Condenser modification in evaporator and pan condenser**
- 4. Sugar Injection water Treatment– Project.**
- 5. Furnace oil from distillery effluent (Spent wash)**

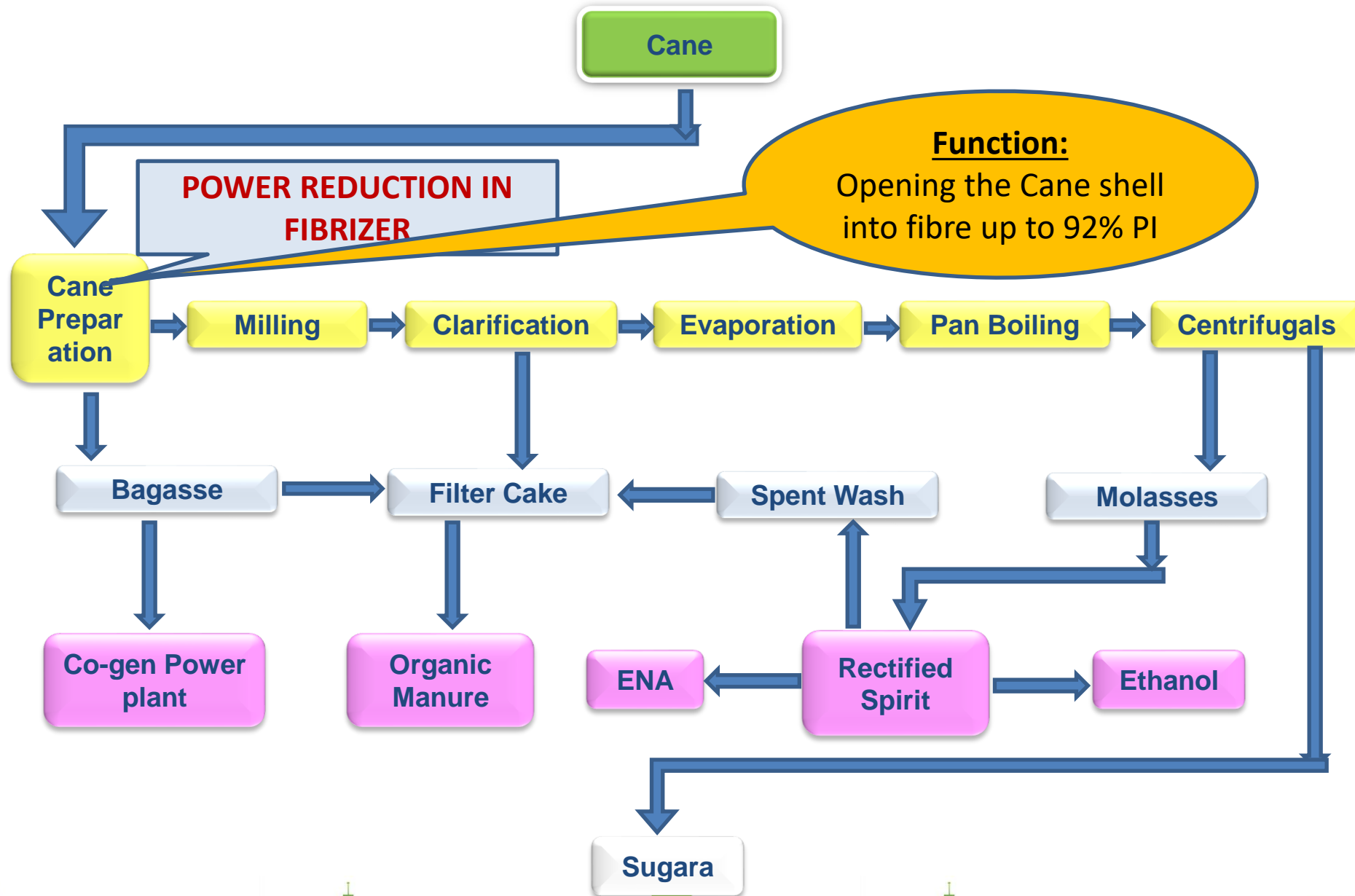
Energy Saving activity carried out in Fibrizer

Objective : For Electrical energy saving

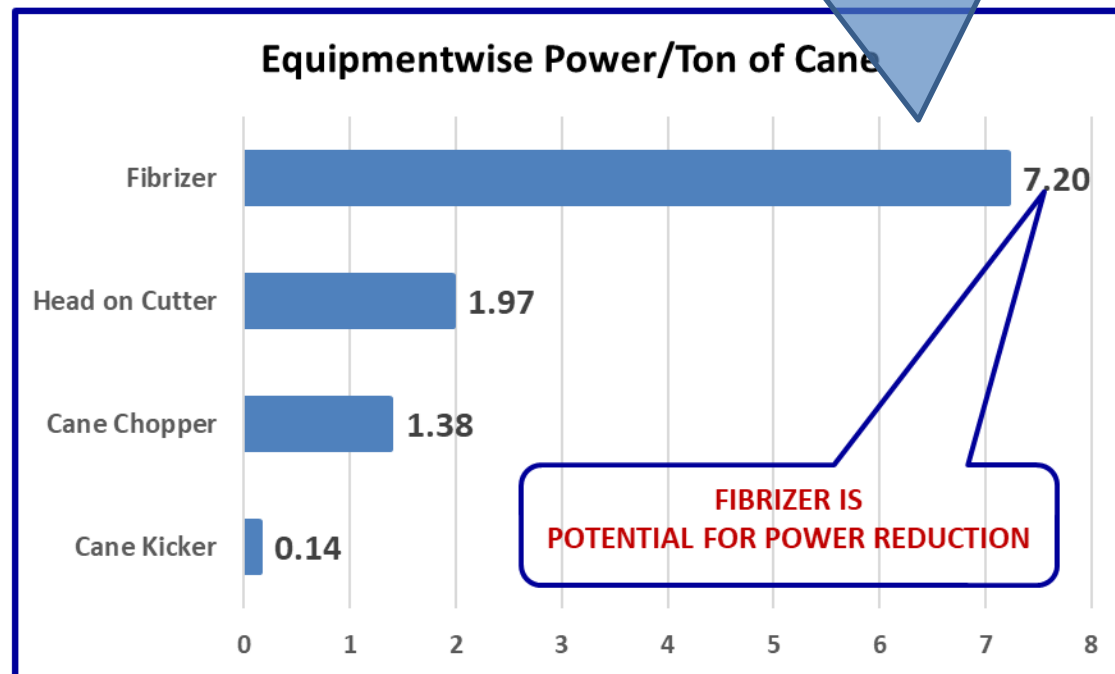
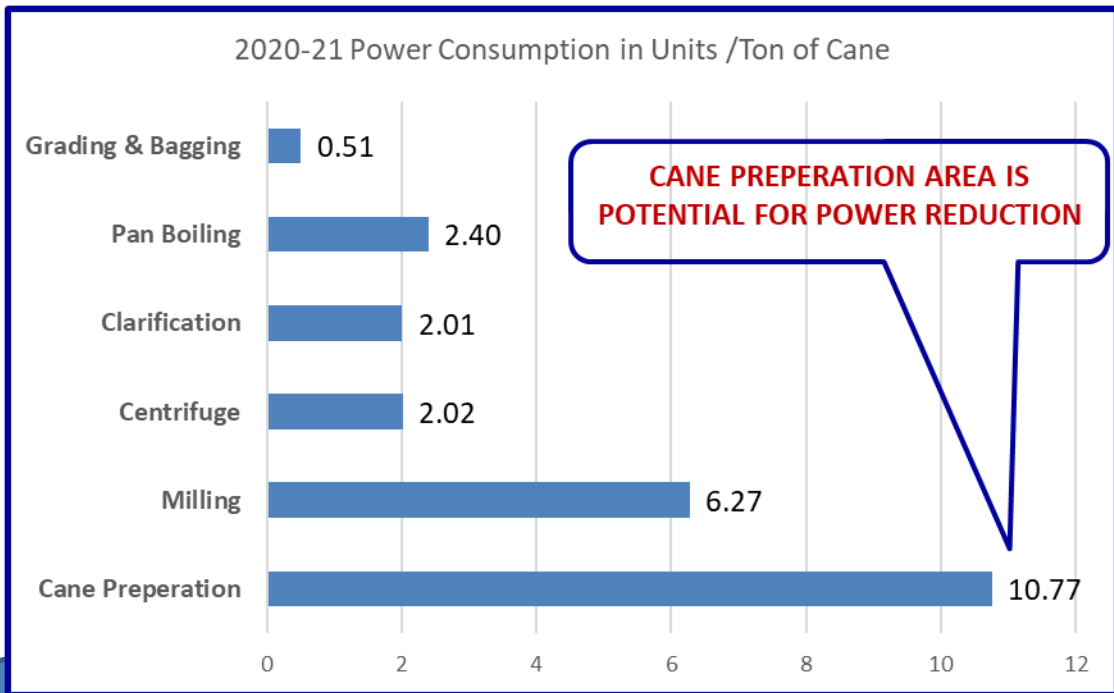
- Existing anvil plate having wrap angle 170 degree is reduced to 85 degree
- Reduced the number of hits by the Hammer tips on the anvil plate.

Tangible benefits : Conserved electrical energy 1.17 KWh per ton of cane.
There by saved a cost Rs. 55 lakhs/year

Process Flow Chart of Integrated Sugar Complex



Identifying the potential area for Energy Conserving



In 2020-21 Total Sugar unit consumption 23.83 KWh / Ton of cane

Problem : High power consumption

(Consuming 25% of overall sugar plant consumption-Potential for reducing power will impact more on Saving cost)

Problem Identification through 5W 1H method

What : Power consumption high

Where : Fibrizer motor operation

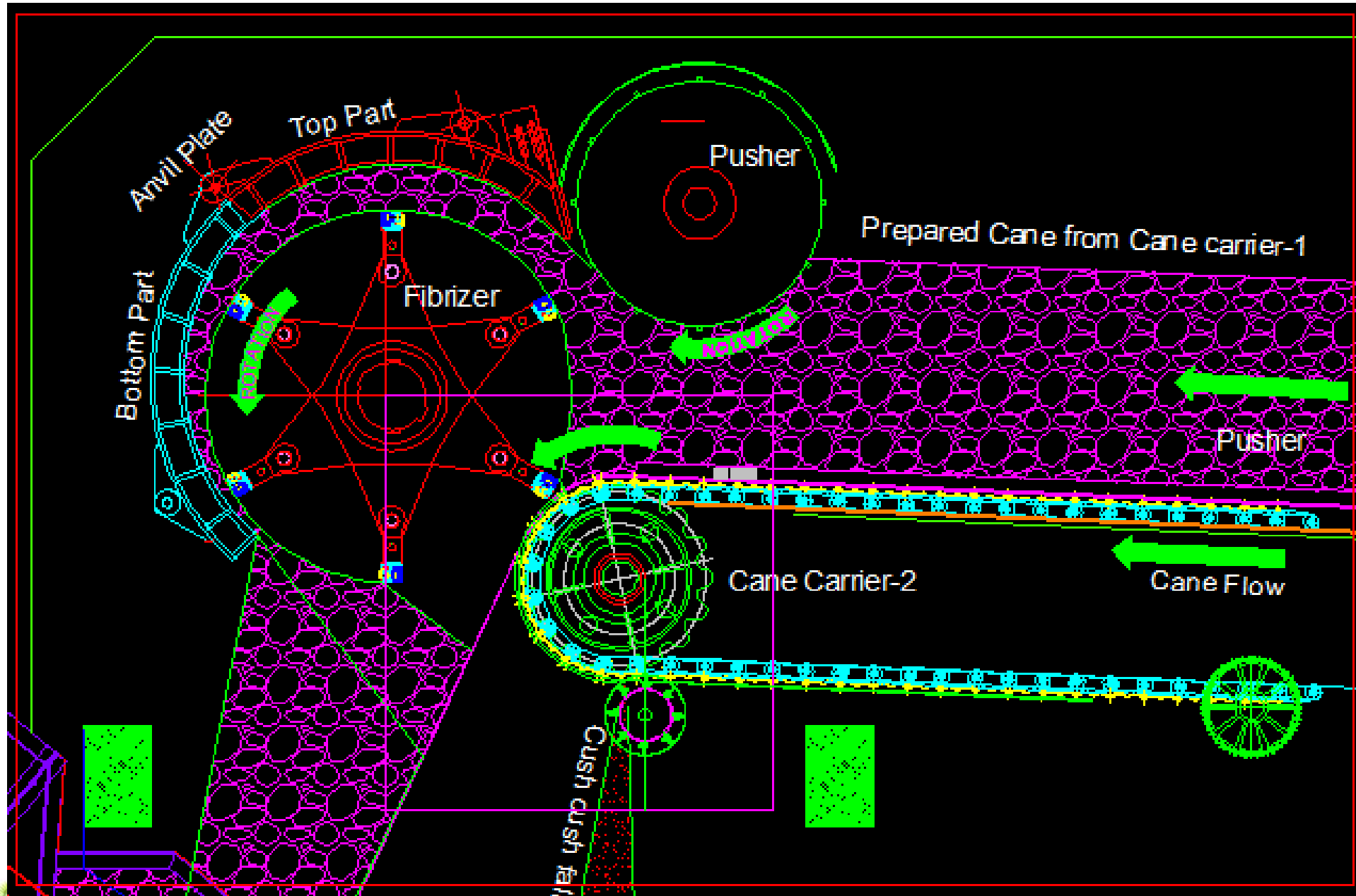
When : Fibrizing the prepared cane to maintain Preparatory Index (PI)

Who : Anvil plate

Which : Strike plates (16 Nos.)around 170 degree

How : More hits by the tips on Anvil plate strikes plates per rotation than requirement

Showing the Anvil Plate modification area



WHY- WHY ANALYSIS

- **Why 1 : Power Consumption high in Fibrizer motors**
- **Why 2 : Loading of cane in-between anvil plate to hammer**
- **Why 3 : High contact surface in anvil plate to hammer.**
- **Why 4 : More strike plates around 170 degree wrap angle**
- **Why 5 : Weak design (OEM Recommendation)**

Root Cause :

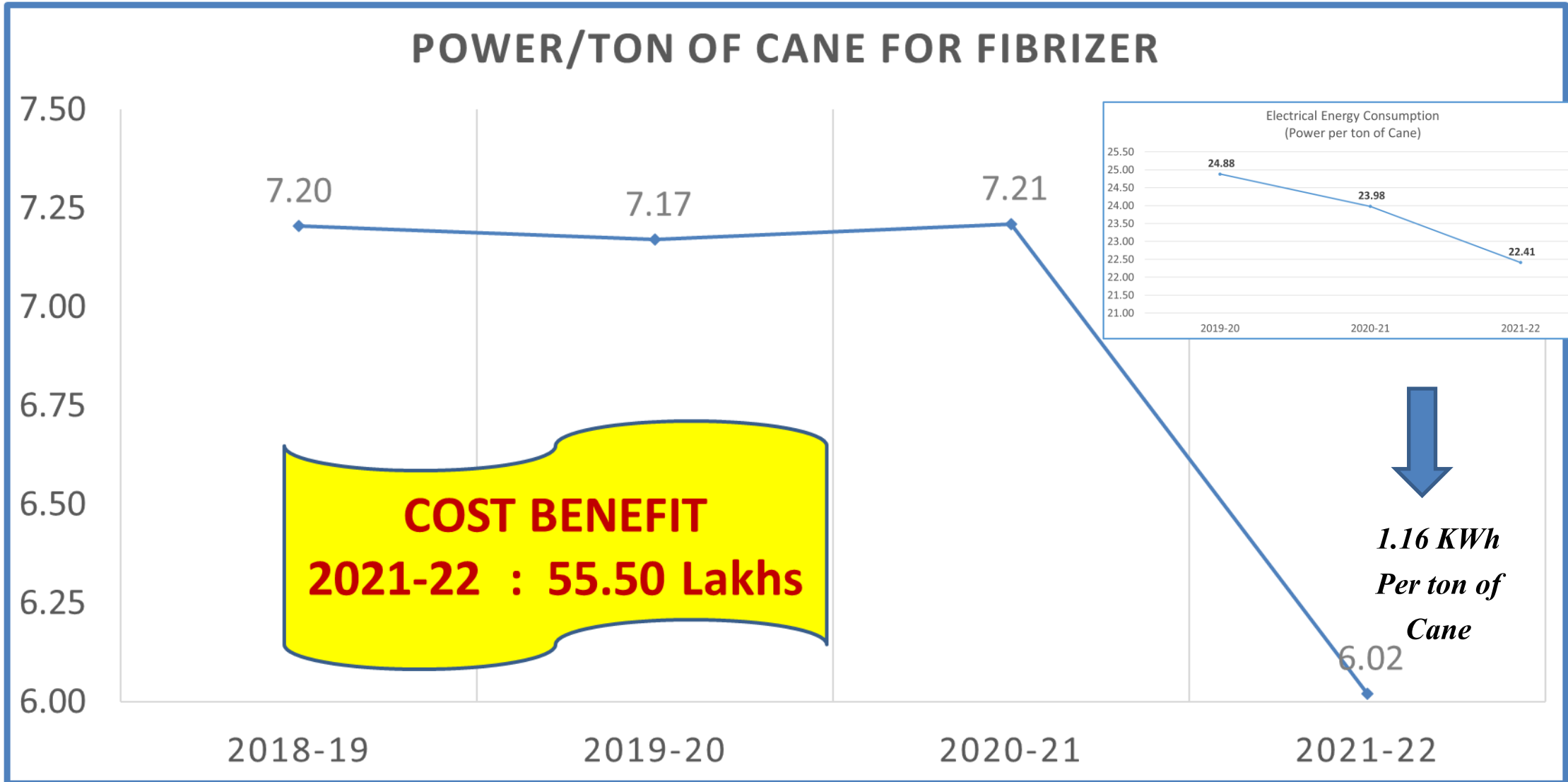
- **Weak design (More number of strike plates in anvil plate)**

Counter measure :

- *Reduce wrap angle (No of strike plates)*

Kaizen Sheet

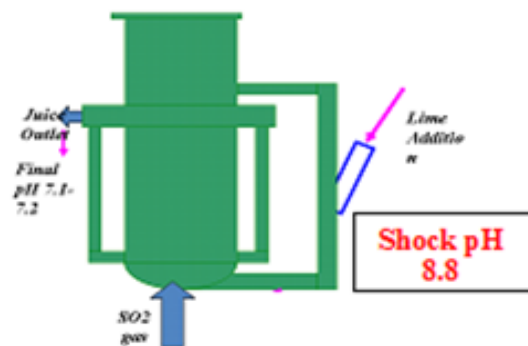
EIDP/NKM/TPM/F0:	KAIZEN DATA SHEET										NAME	: Rajendran.E											
THEME :	PILLAR	JH	KK	PM	QM	OTPM	SHE	EST	DM	MACHINE		: Fibrizer											
To Reduce Power Consumption in Fibrizer	LOSS		✓	✓						✓	BENCH MARK		: 7.2 PTOC										
	P	Q	C	D	S	M					TARGET		: 6.2 PTOC										
PROBLEM/ PRESENT STATUS	KAIZEN IDEA :										START DATE		: 02.05.2021										
1.Power consumption high	REDUCE THE WRAP ANGLE OF ANVIL PLATE ASSEMBLY IN FIBRIZER										END DATE		: 20.05.2021										
2.Reduced tool life																					MEMBERS :		
3.Maintennace cost high											COUNTER MEASURE :										1.Kesavan.K.E		
	REDUCE THE NUMBER OF STRIKE PLATE IN ANVIL PLATE										2.Rajendran.E												
											3. Manikandan.P												
											4.Palanivel.G												
											5.Gurunathan.J												
ANALYSIS	BEFORE :					AFTER:					BENEFITS :												
1. Power Consumption high in Fibrizer motors											1.Energy Saving of 55.50 Lakhs in 2021-22												
2. Loading of cane in-between anvil plate to hammer											2.Reduced the Maintenance Cost												
3. High contact surface in anvil plate to hammer											3.Tool Life increased												
4. More strike plates around 170 degree wrap angle																							
5. Weak design (OEM Recommendation)																							
ROOT CAUSE:	RESULT :										HD PLAN :												
Weak Design											This project may horizontally displayed to our group industry												



Case study :2 Increasing Rate of evaporation by reducing Shock pH

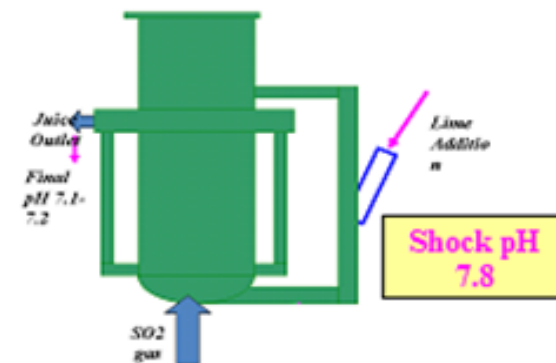
Increasing Rate of evaporation by reducing Shock pH

Previous shock pH 8.8



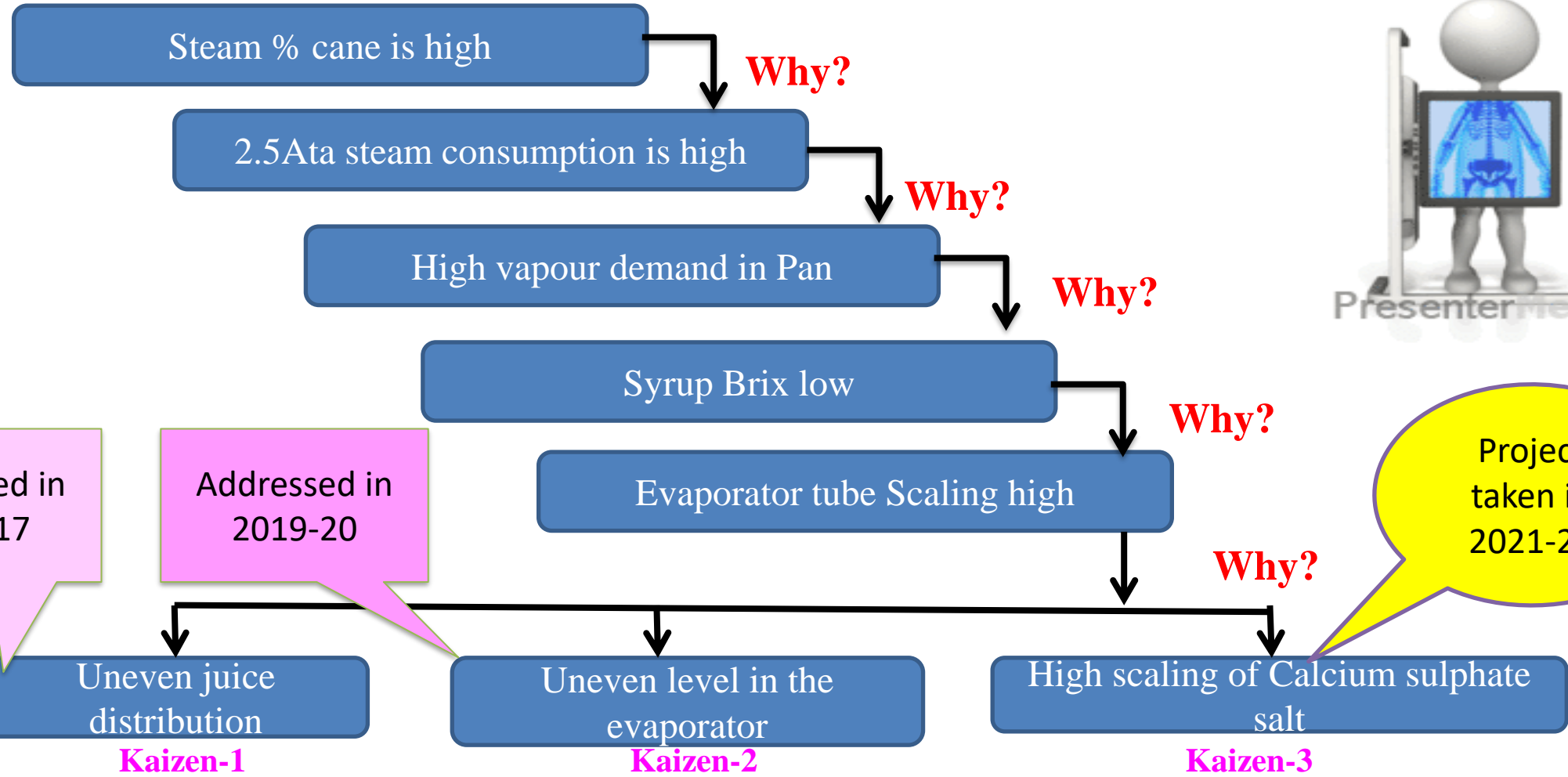
- Due to High lime addition scaling in Evaporator is high .
- Rate evaporation is Poor
- Evaporator outlet Syrup Brix not increased more than 56
- Due to low syrup brix Vapour demand in pan is high which requires more steam demand and increases steam% cane

Modified Shock pH 7.8



- Milk of Lime addition reduced ,Evaporator scaling reduced
- Rate of evaporation increased
- Evaporator outlet brix increased from 56 to 60 without additional steam
- Vapour Demand in Pan reduced
- Steam % cane reduced to 0.99%

WHY? WHY? ANALYSIS FOR HIGHER STEAM % CANE



WHY? WHY? ANALYSIS

Kaizen-1

Uneven juice distribution



- Why 1** : Syrup tank level high at pan floor
- Why 2** : Evaporator syrup concentration (brix) low
- Why 3** : Evaporator tube scaling
- Why 4** : Evaporator tube getting dry
- Why 4** : Juice level low in evaporator
- Why5** : No distribution coil
- Why 6** : Weak Design

Kaizen-2

Uneven level in the evaporator



- Why 1** : Syrup tank level high at pan floor
- Why 2** : Evaporator syrup (concentration) brix low
- Why 3** : Evaporator tube scaling
- Why 4** : Evaporator tube getting dry
- Why 5** : Evaporator body level low
- Why 6** : Juice cut over valve passing
- Why 7** : Wrong Selection of Valves

Kaizen-3

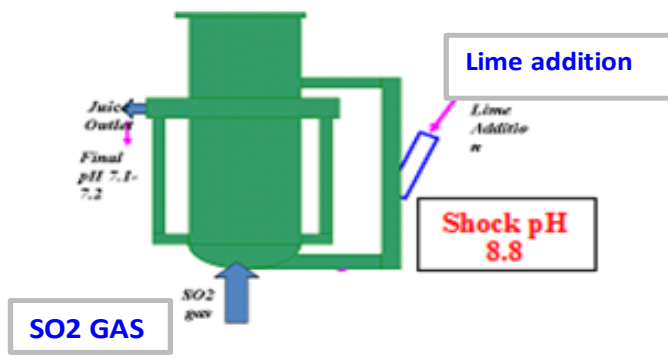
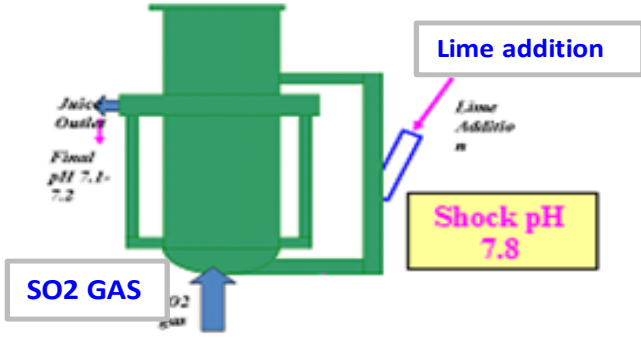
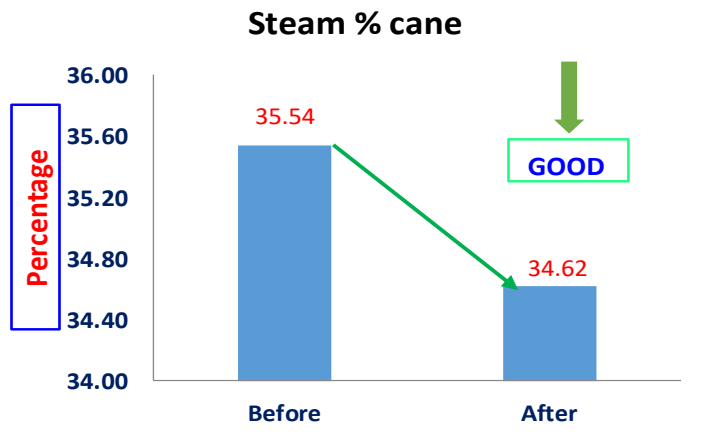
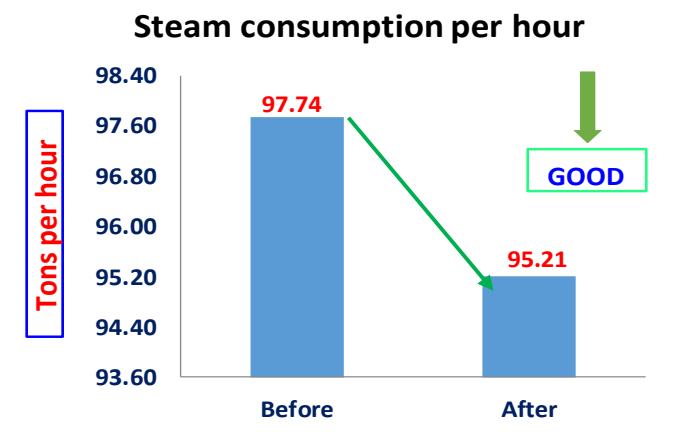
High scaling of Calcium sulphate salt

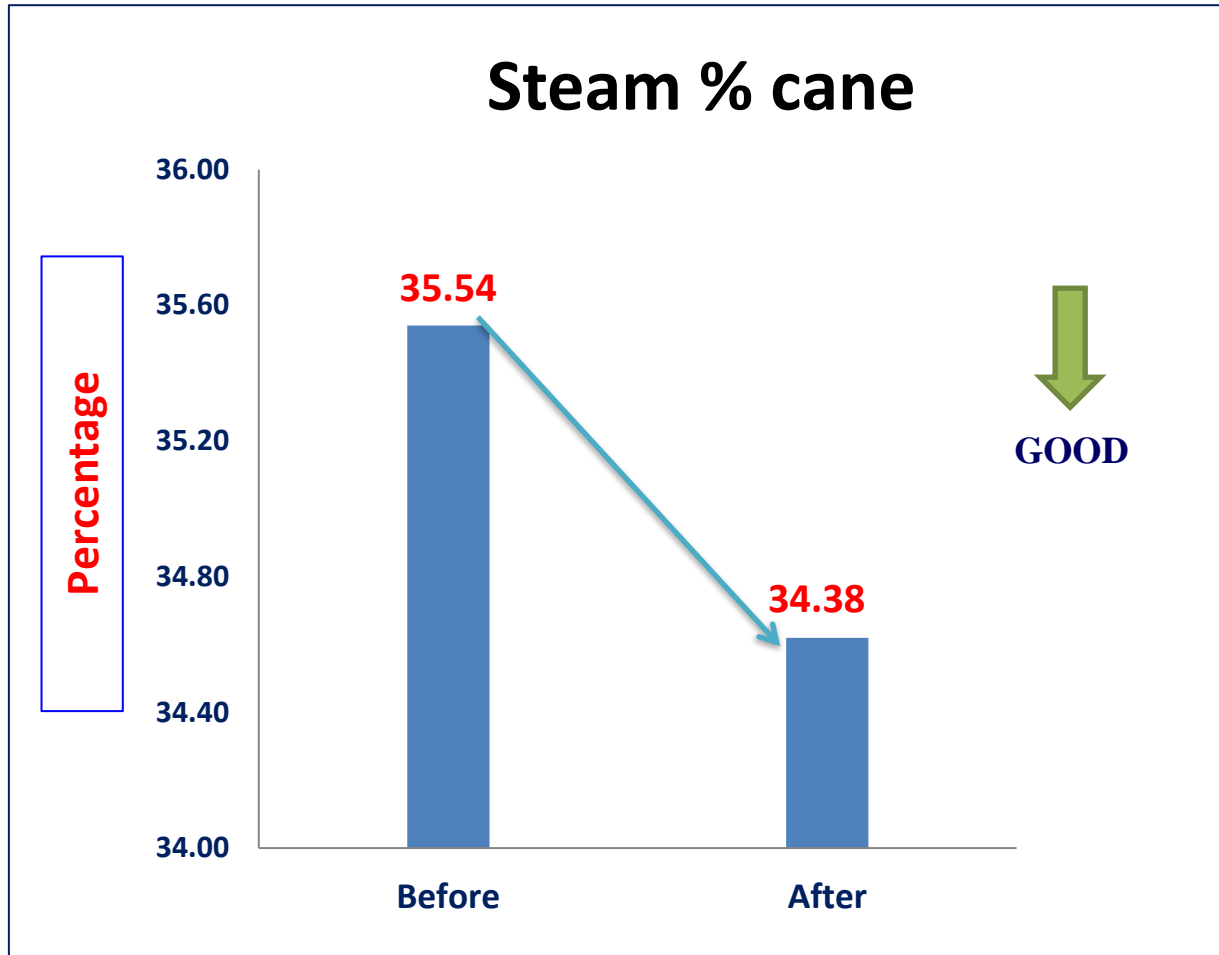


- Why 1** : Syrup tank level high at pan floor
- Why 2** : Evaporator syrup (concentration) brix low
- Why 3** : Evaporator tube scaling
- Why 4** : High calcium scale
- Why5** : Shock pH high
- Why 6** : Change in Spec



KAIZEN SHEET

PROBLEM	BEFORE	AFTER								
<p>What : Steam consumption high</p> <p>Where : In evaporators</p> <p>When : During evaporation</p> <p>Who : Operator</p> <p>Which : Higher scaling</p> <p>How : Higher by 3.4 tons per hour</p>	 <p>Shock pH 8.8</p> <p>SO2 GAS</p> <p>Problem : High steam consumption Root cause : High shock pH 8.8 to 9.0</p>	 <p>Shock pH 7.8</p> <p>SO2 GAS</p> <p>Result : Low steam consumption Counter measure : Reduced shock pH to 7.8</p>								
ANALYSIS	RESULT									
<p>Why 1 : Steam consumption high in evaporator</p> <p>Why 2 : Rate of evaporation is low</p> <p>Why 3 : Poor heat transfer in evaporator</p> <p>Why 4 : Scaling rate is high in Evaporator tubes</p> <p>Why 5 : High Calcium & Silica in juice</p> <p>Why 6 : High Liming dose(pH 8.8 to 9.0)</p>	 <p>Steam % cane</p> <table border="1"> <tr><th>Before</th><th>After</th></tr> <tr><td>35.54</td><td>34.62</td></tr> </table> <p>Percentage</p>	Before	After	35.54	34.62	 <p>Steam consumption per hour</p> <table border="1"> <tr><th>Before</th><th>After</th></tr> <tr><td>97.74</td><td>95.21</td></tr> </table> <p>Tons per hour</p>	Before	After	97.74	95.21
Before	After									
35.54	34.62									
Before	After									
97.74	95.21									



Cost savings
Rs. 92.31
Lakhs per year

Tangible benefits:

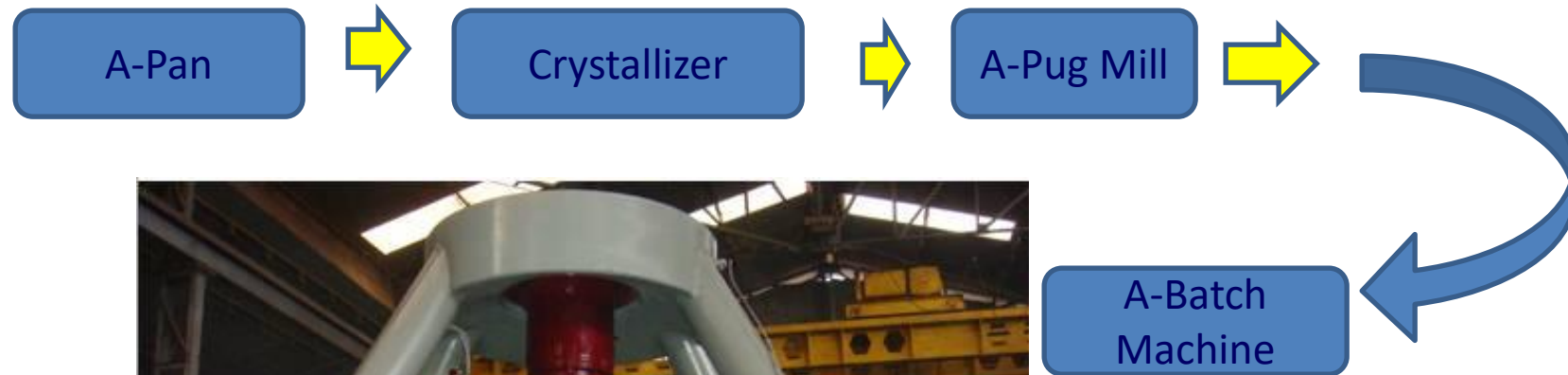
- Reduced Steam consumption of 60.72 MT /day .
- Cost saving through steam reduction-Rs 92.31 L /Annum
- Lime consumption reduced from 0.12 % on cane to 0.09 % on cane .Thereby saved Rs 32.62 lakhs /Annum
- **Sulphur Consumption reduced from 0.035% to 0.02 % on cane .thereby saved Rs 34.35 lakhs /Annum**
- **Chemical cost per ton cane reduced to Rs 28.5 Rs/ton of cane from Rs 34 Rs /ton of cane**

Intangible benefits :

- *Crushing rate per hour increased from 300 to 325 m³/Hr.*
- *Evaporator Tube cleaning rescheduled from 4 days to 8 days*
- *Crushing rate reduced due to syrup tank full 95% addressed .*
- *Tube cleaning in evaporator becomes easy .*
- *Morality of employees improved .*



Sugar Recirculation reduced in batch centrifugal by introduction of air cutting in plough scrapper



Problem/present status

5W1H Method:

What : High Residual Sugar 20 to 25 Kg per Cycle.

Where : Sugar Deposited in Machine working screen.

When : After Sugar scraping operation.

Who : Gap between the working screen and scraper is 3 to 4mm.

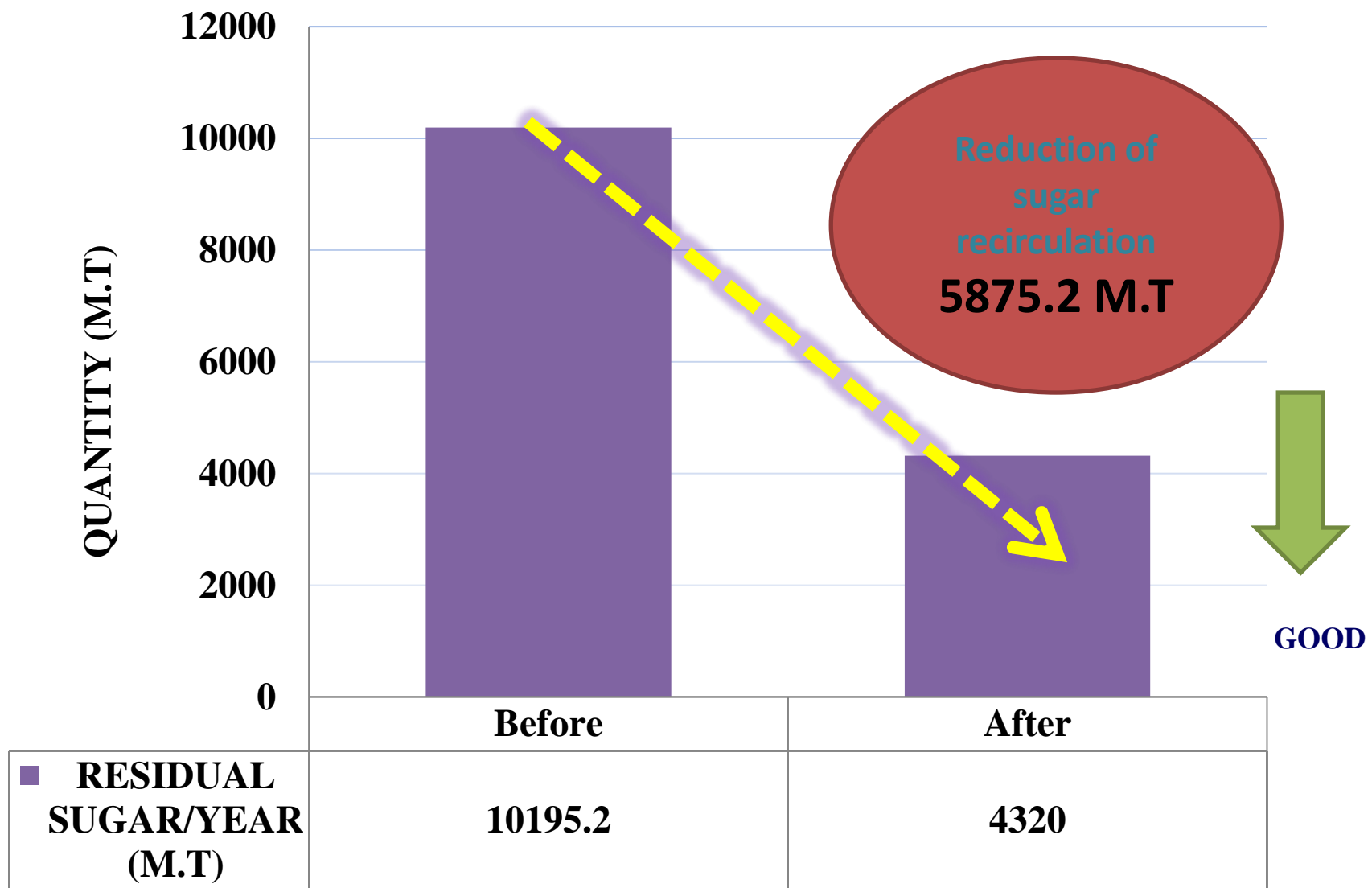
Which : Reducing gap less than 3mm will lead to damage the screen

How : Re-circulation of Sugar.

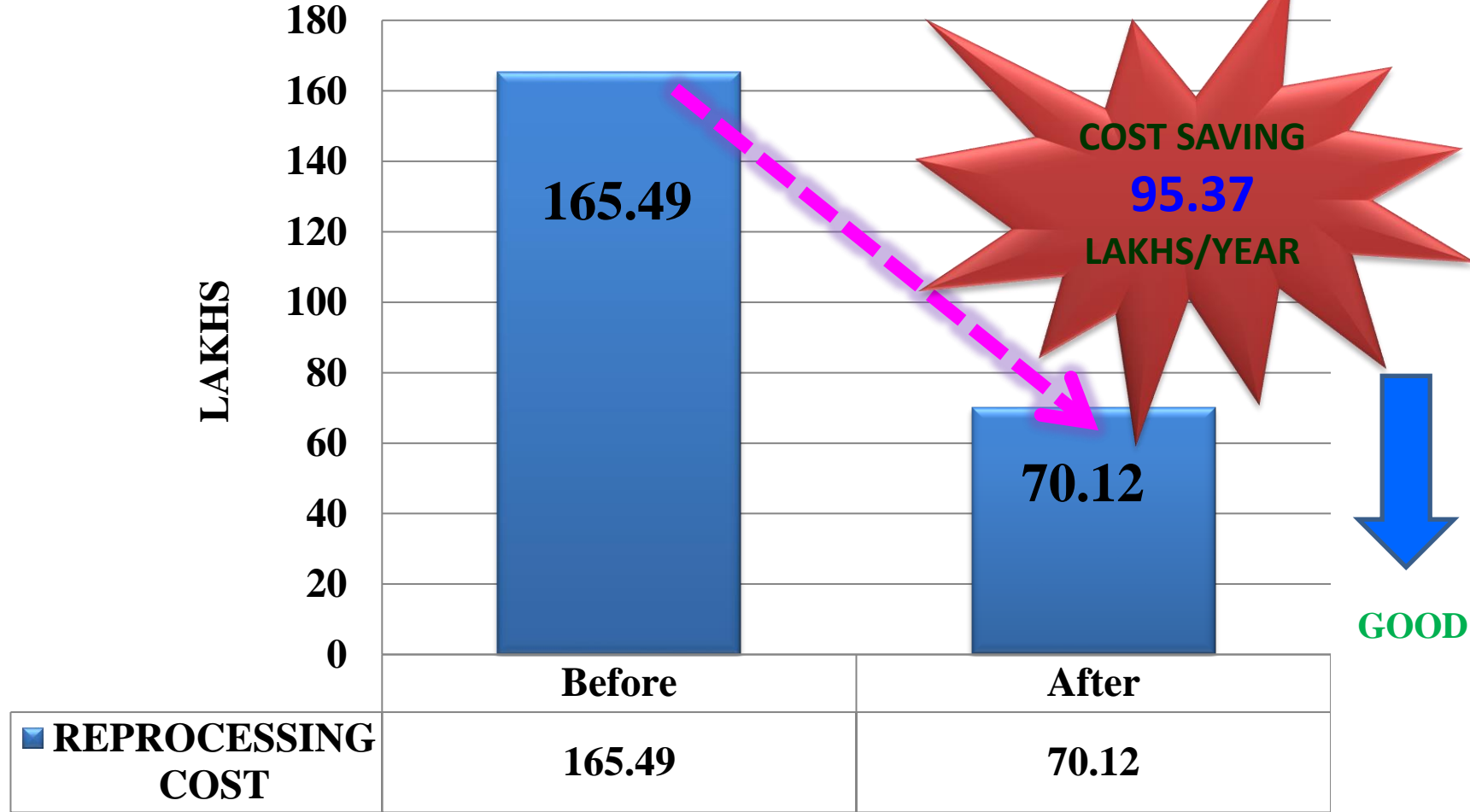
Sugar Scraping with Air cutting System



BENEFIT OF PQCDSM



BENEFIT OF PQ^CD^SM



Condensate Polishing Unit

Moving Towards Zero liquid discharge

Sugar



Main Source of Effluent

- Excess condensate from boiling House
- Blow down and excess water from Cooling tower.
- Effluent from vessels testing and cleaning – Evaporator
- Floor washings.

What Triggered us

- When plant capacity scaled up to 7000 TCD enormous volume of excess condensate .
- Though sufficient lands was available continuous usage couldn't been ensured due to nearby coastal area.
- More drawl of ground water for our other unit operations like distillery and power plant.



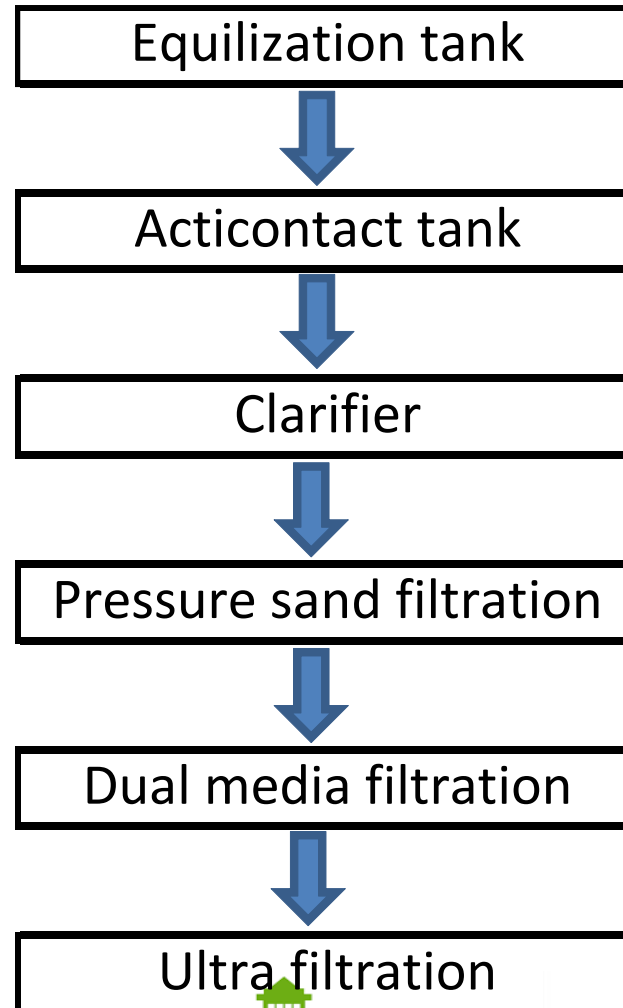
Actions planned and implemented

- Separation of Lean Effluent -Excess condensate from evaporator was separated
- Common condensate cooling system.
- Monitoring of cooled condensate characters.
- Treatment of excess condensate in a pilot plant to arrive at a commercial scheme.
- Based on the trials and the outputs, decided to go with a MBBR treatment scheme.



Condensate Polishing Unit

Process Flow chart



Usage of Aerobic bio film treatment system

ACTICONTACT

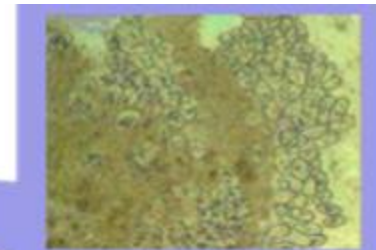
- ✓ ACTICONTACT is the trade name of aerobic bio film treatment unit.
- ✓ Selection of the fixed-bed or moving-bed type is based on factors such as loading rate, wastewater components and treatment objective.
- ✓ Three times higher BOD loading rate can be achieved than with conventional activated sludge systems and large settling tank is not necessary.



Inside of ACTICONTACT

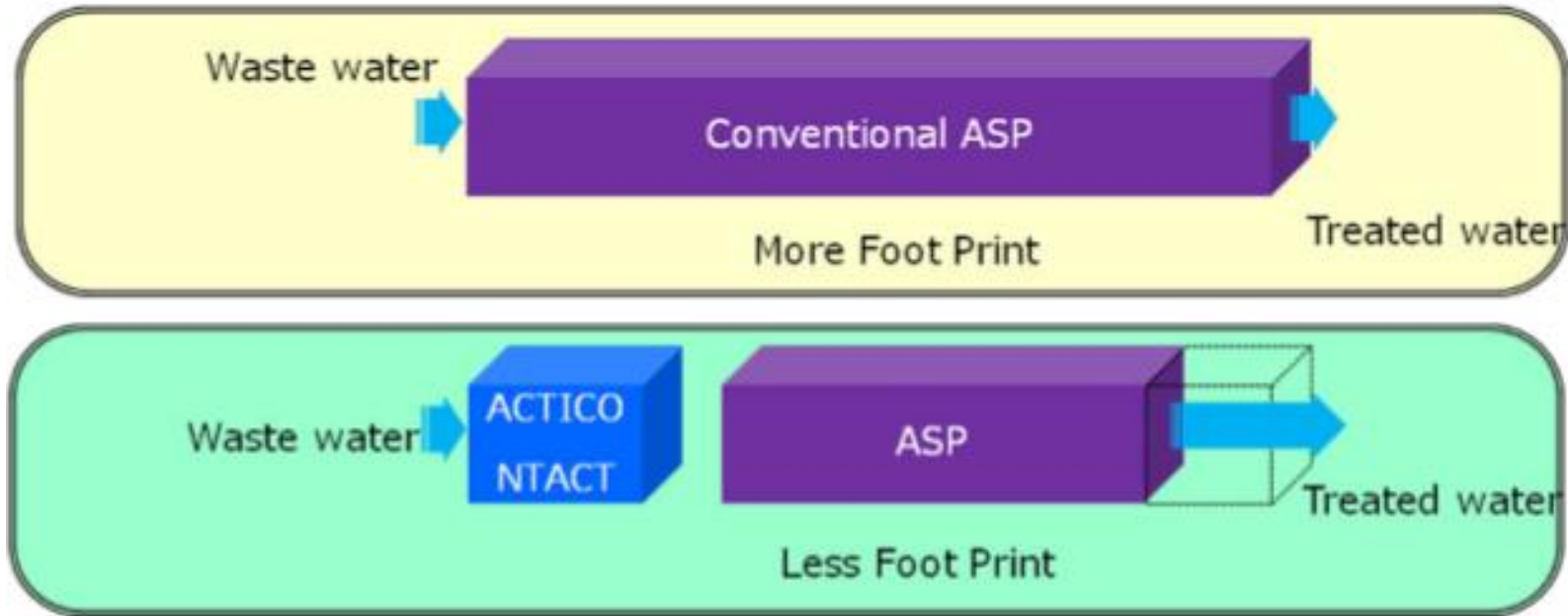


ACTILITE SP-A7



Attached Microorganism

Advantages of ACTICONTACT design



Design Philosophy

DESIGN BASIS	
Source of Water	Condensate Water
Expected Capacity	100 m ³ /hr – 24 Hours
Operating hours for Secondary Treatment	24 Hr
Operating Hours for Filter & UF	22 Hr

Inlet water parameters considered

SL.NO	PARAMETERS	UNITS	DESIGN VALUE CONSIDERED
1.	pH		6.2
2.	COD	ppm	<1000
3.	BOD	ppm	<300
4.	TOC	ppm	<300
5.	Turbidity	NTU	<10
6.	TDS	ppm	600



CPU – ACTI CONTACT TANK



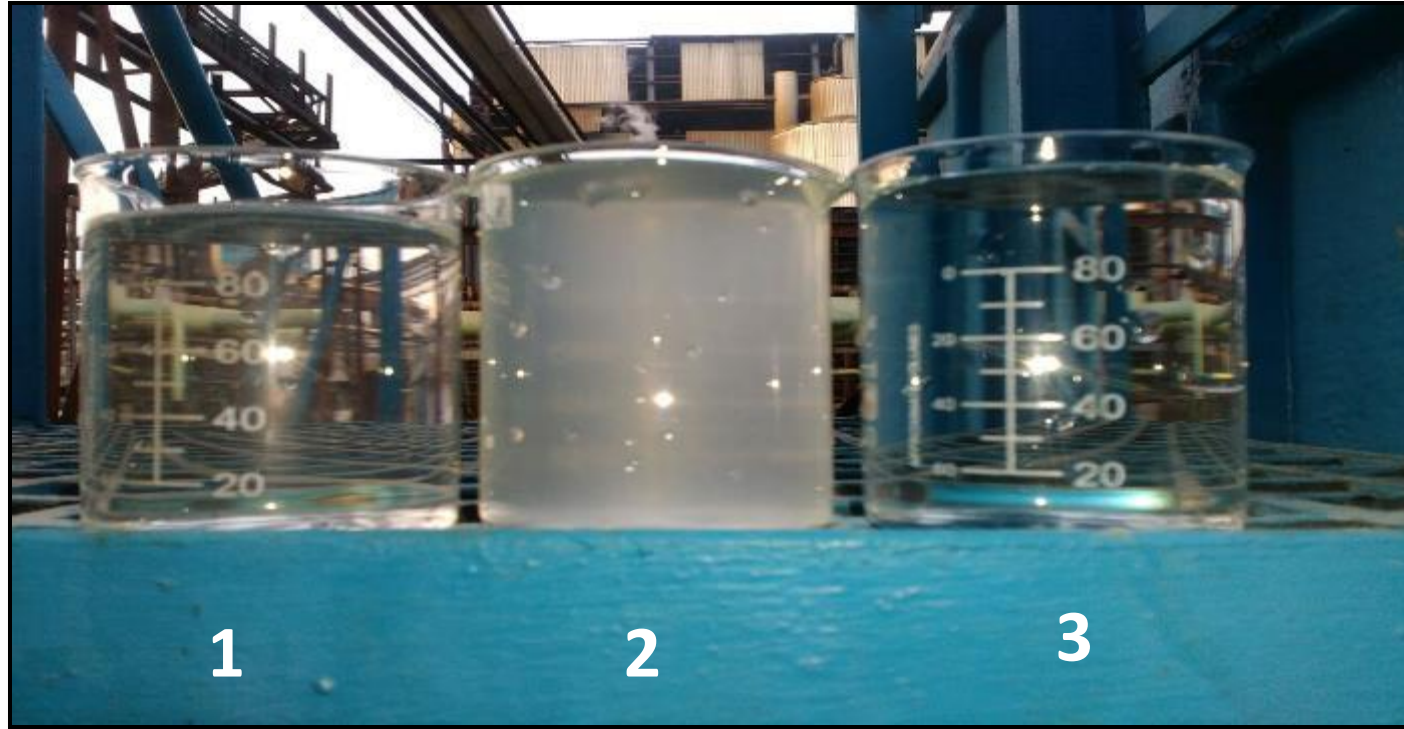
CLARIFIER



FILTERS



WATER SAMPLES



1. Common condensate
2. Secondary Clarifier outlet
3. UF outlet



Treated water parameters

SL. NO.	PARAMETERS	UNIT	SECONDARY CLARIFIER OUTLET	FILTERS OUTLET	UF PERMEATE
1.	pH	-	6.5- 7.5	6.5- 7.5	6.5- 7.5
2.	COD	ppm	< 250	<200	<30
3.	BOD	ppm	< 30	<20	<5
4.	Turbidity	NTU	<20	<5	<1
5.	TOC	PPM	<30	<10	<5

Usage of treated water

- ✓ Boiler feed in the place of raw water .
- ✓ Boiler cooling tower.
- ✓ Distillery use.



Benefit from Condensate Polishing Unit




- ✓ Boiler feed in the place of raw water .
- ✓ Cogeneration Plant cooling tower Make up.
- ✓ Distillery Cooling Tower make up.
- ✓ Usage of domestic purpose

**Zero water Drawl
&
Zero Effluent Discharge**




TANGIBLE & INTANGIBLE BENEFIT

Tangible benefits:

- 
- Recovering Resources from sugar Condensate– Potash fertilizer
 - Effluent water discharge completely eliminated.
 - Water recovery and recycle thereby reducing the ground water drawl.

Intangible benefits :

- 
- Employment opportunities
 - Organizational goals are achieved
 - Reduction in Green house gas emission
 - Morale of the employee increased.



Lets be a Change...

Case Study-5

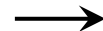
POTASH DERIVED FROM DISTILLERY EFFLUENT (WEALTH FROM WASTE)



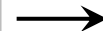
SUGAR & DISTILLERY



SUGAR CANE



SUGAR PROCESS



SUGAR



MOLASSES



BIO-GAS BOILER



BIO-DIGESTER

800 KLPD



DISTILLATION



FERMENTATION



800 KLPD of BIO METHANETED SPENT WASH



BMSW RO PLANT

400 KLPD



INTEGRATED EVAPORATOR

200 KLPD



E-Compost: Conc. BMSW of 28 Brix is mixed with Press Mud



Press Mud Sold to Cement Industries

Recovered Permeate & Condensate recycled back to Process





NEED FOR THE PRACTICE



- The distillery is the second largest red category industry coming under Conventional effluent treatment system.
- Mainly the effluent treatment in all sugar attached distilleries are mixing their effluent with press mud as a bio compost and sales to cement industries.
- Now a days pollution control board restricted the effluent management system in all distilleries. They are not allow to run the plant not more than 300 days.
- In present scenario most of the distilleries are upgraded and completely disposed their effluent to incineration boiler. But again disposal of fly ash is threats to them.

PROBLEM FACED

- In this system we need to handle minimum **200 m³** of spent wash transportation as well as huge activities on bio composting which were causing issues on environment front & effluent disposal.
- Our plant is located in heavy rainfall area during monsoon and surrounded with residential area.
- Plant to be stopped during rainy days to avoid the environmental issues and complaints received from residential.



PRESENT SCENARIO IN DISTILLERS



DISTILLERY

Raw spent wash
to
evaporator



MULTIPLE EFFECT EVAPORATOR

Concentrated spent wash incinerated to boiler



INCINERATION BOILER

*Breakthrough with
new technology*



Fly ash dumping to land
create the environment issues





BRAIN STORMING SECTION

Had a brain storming section with our management...

- Bio composting or selling spent wash to cement Industries or direct application to farmers crop field creates environmental issues.
- Erection of an incineration boiler for effluent management is high in Project cost of approx 20 crs.
- Then we have searched for an alternative and finally we found that **DRYER OPERATION** with low project cost of 7.5 crs.



Project title : ZERO LIQUID DISCHARGE IN DISTILLERY THROUGH DRYER OPERATION

BOTTLENECKS FACED DURING PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

- Concept development
- Pilot trial
- Product testing
- Market survey
- Design of full scale plant
- Erection and commissioning





UNIQUENESS OF THE PROJECT

The conventional way of treating spent wash is through Bio-composting or ferti-irrigation as per protocol. Bio-composting has a difficulty on following aspects.

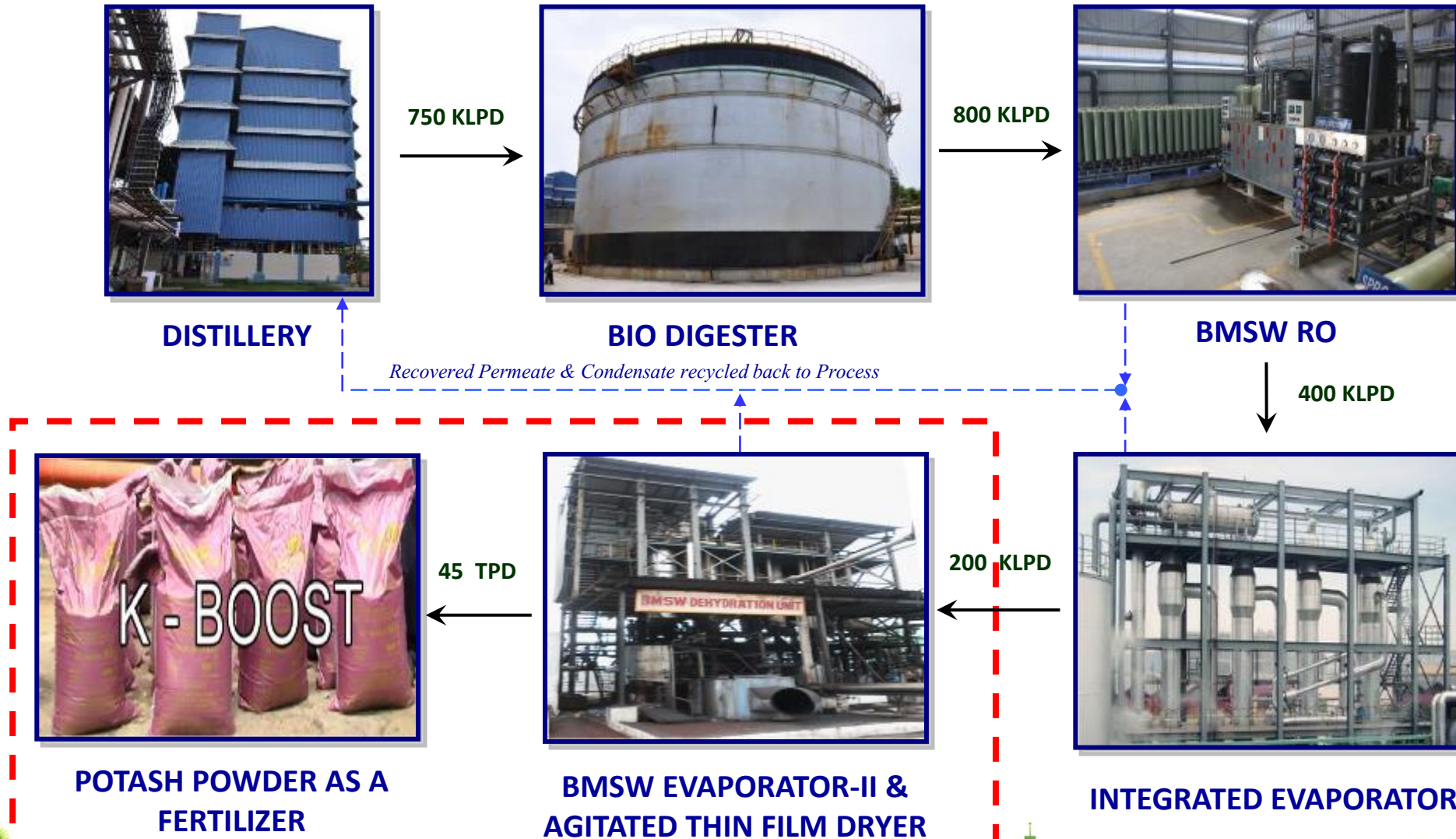
- ✓ Require huge land and concrete platform for carrying out this process.
- ✓ Operational difficulty during rainy days
- ✓ Possibility for leaching and run-off during rainy days
- ✓ Plant operating days restricted to 300 days a year.

The unique advantages are :

- By this system, distillery can operate for 365 days a year.
- The final product is rich in Potash, Nitrogen & Organic carbon.
- With this system we achieve complete zero liquid discharge.
- This is completely automated, built in a small area and operates with a closed loop system.
- Water is recovered and recycled back to process.
- Reduce foreign exchange and create wealth to nation



OUR THOUGHTS COMES TRUE...





ECONOMICAL BENEFIT

- By this practice we are able to produce additional **38,00,000 liters** of ENA by running the plant with additional **51 days** in each year which generates additional income of **Rs. 4.39 crs.**
- By running the plant with additional 51 days itself we get more than the payback value.

...We Proudly Says

**First distillery
in world
implemented
Dryer technology
for effluent
Management.**

**Highly
appreciated
by PCB officials
for our
success of new
technology.**

**Only Distillery
to Obtain
MOEF clearance
for operating
Plant for
365 Days in a Year.**





COST SHEET

PROFIT
Rs. 4.39 Crs



K-BOOST PRODUCTION COST SHEET		
Description	Units	Cost
UTILITY COST		
Steam	Rs.	36000
Power	Rs.	17424
Defoamer	Rs.	5200
Nitric Acid	Rs.	3600
Manpower Cost - 10 Nos	Rs.	3000
Total Operating Cost per day	Rs.	65224
Rs. Per Litre of Alcohol	Rs.	0.87
PRODUCTION COST		
K-Boost Production	TPD	45
Cost of Production	Rs./Ton	1450
Selling Price	Rs./Ton	2000
Contribution	Rs./Ton	550
Revenue Generation per day	Rs.	24750
Revenue Generation per year	Rs. In Lacs	87
ADDITIONAL COST		
Additional distillation operating days	Days	51
Additional ENA production	LL	38
Additional revenue generation @ Rs.8.25 per Litre	Rs. In Lacs	316
Additional CO2 production	MT	1530
Additional revenue generation @ Rs.2.40 per kg	Rs. In Lacs	37
Net Revenue Generation	Rs. In Lacs	439
Project Investment	Rs. In Lacs	679.69
Pay Back Period	Years	1.5





TANGIBLE & INTANGIBLE BENEFIT

Environmental benefits achieved :

- Recovering Resources from Industrial Waste – Potash fertilizer
- Water and Air pollution are completely eliminated.
- Water recovery and recycle thereby reducing the ground water drawl.
- Reduce foreign exchange.
- Reduction of use of chemical fertilizer thereby retaining soil quality and improving organic content of soil.

Intangible benefits :

- Employment opportunities
- No of operating days increased by 51 days thereby increase in revenue.
- Organizational goals are achieved



REPLICATION POTENTIAL WITHIN THE SECTOR



- We have already replicated this in our other unit which is located in **Sankili, Srikakulam district, AP.**
- Likewise all the distilleries in India can install this system to achieve ZLD as well as produce Potash fertilizer which can reduce foreign exchange.





ACHIEVED NATIONAL BENCHMARK

- ✓ New Fertilizer Product in the Market
- ✓ Becoming Alternate for MOP Fertilizer
- ✓ Created huge demand in market

AS PER FERTILIZER CONTROL ACT

Sl. No	Parameters	FCO Norms (%)	K-BOOST Result (%)
1	Moisture	<4.79	3.05
2	Total Nitrogen	>1.66	3.8
3	Neutral Ammonium Citrate Soluble Phosphate	>0.39	0.11
4	Water Soluble Potash	>14.70	14.72
5	Fixed Carbon	-	Approx. 8 – 10% (since Total Carbon is 21.24%)



Participation by down the line shop floor personal in implementing ENCON ideas

S.No.	ENCON Idea	Year of Implementation	Source of Idea	Annual savings
				Rs.in Lakh
1	Sugar recirculation avoided by altering the grader transfer points.	2019-20	Fitter	33.75
2	Usage of first vapour for heating treated juice reduced by 50 % by adding a new direct contact heater for second body vapour.	2019-20	Pan Officer	22.5
3	Variable Frequency Drive for condensate Extraction Pump-2	2019-20	Electrical Supervisor	2.16
4	Injection Header modification by eliminating separate pump for evaporator	2020-21	Shift Chemist	27.27
5	Reusing of Boiler blow down water	2020-21	Shift Chemist	0.86
6	Sugar lumps quantity reduction during bin cleaning by polishing the bin internals	2020-21	Engg Supervisor	4.86



Participation by down the line shop floor personal in implementing ENCON ideas

S.No.	ENCON Idea	Year of Implementation	Source of Idea	Annual savings
				Rs.in Lakh
7	ATFD condensate recovery improvement	2020-21	Engg Supervisor	2.64
8	Variable Frequency Drive for Sulphur burnor blower	2020-21	Electrician	2.21
9	B Grain pump with VFD	2021-22	Shift supervisor	0.66
10	B-Massecute Pump VFD installation	2021-22	Pan Officer	1.34
11	Air Compressor Header Modification	2021-22	Engg. Supervisor	9.06
12	Elimination of intermediate belt conveyor in Refinery Feed Centrifuge	2021-22	Shift Chemist	0.66
13	Elimination of Slat conveyor during coal operation by introducing new conveyor	2021-22	Boiler operator	4.30
14	Elimination of BC-8 & BC-9 by introducing new coal conveyor	2021-22	Shift electrician	1.58



- 1. 23 flow meters for all process fluids including steam**
- 2. DCS based data logging for daily energy monitoring and reporting**
- 3. 35 energy meters were installed at all important stations**
- 4. Utility report is generated on daily basis which captures specific power, steam and water consumption.**
- 5. Internal and external energy audits at regular interval**
- 6. Displaying daily energy consumption figures in the plant**
- 7. Daily report to the top management**
- 8. Equipment running hours are monitored on daily basis to identify idle running/under loading of the machineries**



ENERGY MANAGEMENT MONITORING METHODOLOGY

- Introduced Real Time Online monitoring of Critical parameters from the Desktop PCs of all Senior Executives
- Hourly SMS auto alerts
- Daily manufacturing report
- SAP generated auto alerts
 - Plant comparison
- Stock reports from warehouse
- Trend charts from QA
 - Incoming raw material
 - In process
 - Weekly compliance report
- Monthly employee productivity linked incentives



RECOGNITION FOR OUR INNOVATION



Received winner award from our group chairman for best operation & excellence project

Platinum award received from SISTA for the best distillery

Received winner award in 35th TPM Kaizen Competition in Breakthrough Category

TRUTH BEHIND OUR SUCCESS



THANKS
TO
ALL